## Example of a paper for LREC 2000

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#### **Abstract**

Here is where you should put the abstract. Here is where you should put the abstract.

## 1. Introduction

The first line of all paragraphs of each section is indented by 0.5 cm. The first line of all paragraphs of each section is indented by 0.5 cm. The first line of all paragraphs of each section is indented by 0.5 cm. The first line of all paragraphs of each section is indented by 0.5 cm.

## 2. Goal of the paper

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## 2.1. Example of a subsection

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## 2.1.1. Example of a sub-subsection

Yet another example, this time of a subsubsection. Yet another example, this time of a sub-subsection. Yet another example, this time of a sub-subsection. Yet another example, this time of a sub-subsection. Yet another example, this time of a sub-subsection.

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## 2.1.2. Example of a sub-subsection with a long heading that will occupy two lines

Yet another example of a sub-subsection. Yet another example of a sub-subsection.

## 3. Additional guidelines

## 3.1. Footnotes

This is an example of a footnote<sup>1</sup>.

## 3.2. Figures

Example of a figure enclosed in a box.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This is an example of the footnote text.

This is a figure with a caption. This is a figure with a caption.

Figure 1: The caption of the figure.

#### 3.3. Tables

Two types of tables are distinguished: incolumn and big tables that don't fit in the columns.

## 3.4. In-column tables

An example of an in-column table is presented here.

Level	Tools
Morphology	Pitrat Analyser
Syntax	LFG Analyser (C-Structure)
Semantics	LFG F-Structures + Sowa's
	Conceptual Graphs

Table 1: The caption of the table

## 3.5. Big tables

An example of a big table which extends beyond the column and will float in the next page.

## 4. Citation Format

All references within the text are placed in parentheses containing the author's surname followed by a comma before the date of publication (?). If the sentence already includes the author's name, then it is only necessary to put the date in parentheses: ?) . When several works are cited, those references are separated with a semicolon (?; ?): When the reference has more than three authors, only the name of the first author, followed by et al, appears (?).

Bibliographical references are listed in alphabetical order at the end of the article. The title of the section, "References", will be a level 1 heading. The first line of each bibliographical reference is justified to the left of the column, and the rest of the entry is indented by 0.35 cm. The following examples illustrate the format for conference proceedings (?), books (?), articles (?) in journals, Ph.D. theses (?), and chapters of book (?).

Level	Tools
Morphology	Pitrat Analyser
Syntax	LFG Analyser (C-Structure)
Semantics	LFG F-Structures + Sowa's Conceptual Graphs

Table 2: The caption of the big table