**FREE**

Open source, licensed under LGPL allowing unrestricted commercial use, hosted on SourceForge.

**100% JAVA**

Runs on any platform supporting Java 5 or later. Developed and tested daily on Linux, Windows, and Mac OS X.

**MATURE AND ACTIVELY SUPPORTED**

In development since 1996; now at version 5.0; around 20 active developers.

**COMPREHENSIVE**

Support for manual annotation, performance evaluation, information extraction, (semi-)automatic semantic annotation, and many other tasks. Over 50 plugins included with the standard distribution, containing over 70 resource types. Many others available from independent sources.

**STANDARDS-BASED**

Reference implementation in ISO TC37/SC4 LIRICS project; supports XCES, ACE, TREC etc. formats; founder member of OASIS/UIMA committee.

**EFFICIENT**

Optimisations included with the latest version provide a 20 to 40% speed and memory usage improvement. Highly efficient finite state text processing engine; many plugins with linear execution time.

**POPULAR**

Assessed as “outstanding” and “internationally leading” by an anonymous EPSRC peer review. Used at thousands of sites: companies, universities and research laboratories, all over the world, ~35,000 downloads/year. Rolling funding for more than 15 staff at the University of Sheffield.

**DATA MANAGEMENT**

Pluggable input filters with out of the box support for XML, HTML, PDF, MS Word, email, plain text, etc. Common in-memory data model built around stand-off annotation, documents and corpora. Persistent storage layer with support for XML, Oracle, PostgreSQL, or Java serialisation. I/O interoperation with many other systems.

**STANDARD ALGORITHMS**

Ready made implementations for many typical NLP tasks such as tokenisation, POS tagging, sentence splitting, named entity recognition, co-reference resolution, machine learning, etc.

**USER INTERFACE**

Comprehensive tool set for data editing and visualisation, rapid application development, manual annotation, ontology management.

**INTEGRATION**

Leveraging the power of other projects such as:

- **Information Retrieval**: Lucene (Nutch, Solr), Google and Yahoo search APIs, MG4j;
- **Machine Learning**: Weka, MaxEnt, SVMLight, etc.;
- **Ontology Support**: Sesame and OWLIM;
- **Parsing**: RASP, Minipar, and SUPPLE;
- **Other**: UIMA, Wordnet, Snowball, etc.

**COMMUNITY AND SUPPORT**

Friendly and active community of developers and users offers efficient help. Commercial support available from Ontotext and Matrixware.

[http://gate.ac.uk](http://gate.ac.uk)
OVERVIEW
GATE, a General Architecture for Text Engineering, was first released in 1996, then completely re-designed, re-written, and re-released in 2002. The system is now one of the most widely-used systems of its type and is a relatively comprehensive infrastructure for language processing software development.

The new UIMA architecture from IBM/Apache has taken inspiration from GATE and IBM have paid the University of Sheffield to develop an interoperability layer between the two systems.

Key features of GATE are:
- Component-based development reduces the systems integration overhead in collaborative research.
- Automatic performance measurement of Language Engineering (LE) components promotes quantitative comparative evaluation.
- Distinction between low-level tasks such as data storage, data visualisation, discovery and loading of components and the high-level language processing tasks.
- Clean separation between data structures and algorithms that process human language.
- Consistent use of standard mechanisms for components to communicate data about language, and use of open standards such as Unicode and XML.
- Insulation from idiosyncratic data formats (GATE performs automatic format conversion and enables uniform access to linguistic data).
- Provision of a baseline set of LE components that can be extended and/or replaced by users as required.

INFORMATION EXTRACTION
Information Extraction (IE) is a process which takes unseen texts as input and produces fixed-format, unambiguous data as output. This data may be used directly for display to users, or may be stored in a database or spreadsheet for later analysis, or may be used for indexing purposes in Information Retrieval (IR) applications.

IE covers a family of applications including named entity recognition, relation extraction, event detection.

GATE has been used for IE applications in domains including bioinformatics, health and safety, and 17th century court reports.

IE systems built on GATE have been evaluated among the top ones at international competitions (MUC, ACE, Pascal). A system built by the GATE team came top in two of three categories in the NTCIR 2007 patent classification competition.

THE GATE FAMILY
- GATE Developer: an integrated development environment for language processing components bundled with the most widely used Information Extraction system and a comprehensive set of other plugins
- GATE Embedded: an object library optimised for inclusion in diverse applications giving access to all the services used by GATE Developer and more
- GATE Teamware a collaborative annotation environment for high volume factory-style semantic annotation projects built around a workflow engine and the GATE Cloud backend web services
- GATE Cloud: a parallel distributed processing engine that combines GATE Embedded with a heavily optimised service infrastructure

FIRST COUSINS: THE ONOTEXT FAMILY
- Ontotext KIM: UIs demonstrating our multiparadigm approach to information management, navigation and search
- Ontotext Mimir: (Multi-paradigm Information Management Index and Repository) a massively scaleable multiparadigm index built on Ontotext's semantic repository family, GATE's annotation structures database plus full-text indexing from MG4J
Working with Ontologies

Ontology Abstraction Layer
Based on Sesame RDF store (http://openrdf.org), with additional OWL support provided by OWLIM (http://www.ontotext.com/owlim/), leading to one of the fastest and most scalable triple stores. Ontologies can be loaded with storage in memory, on disk or on a dedicated server.

Ontologies in GATE
Taxonomical relations can be used in annotation matching, thus enhancing JAPE’s power of generalisation.

Graphic interface tools for ontology visualisation, ontology editing, and semantic annotation of text are included with GATE.

Ontology Learning
Automatically extending ontologies with knowledge extracted from text through Information Extraction.

Knowledge Base Population
Automatically populating knowledge bases with instance data extracted from text. This is related to Semantic Annotation.

An Example
The GATE ontology shown to the right has been automatically derived from source code and associated metadata and automatically populated from the software and user documentation.

Research Projects

E-Science
- AKT: Advanced Knowledge Technologies;
- MultiFlora: support for biodiversity research;
- MiAKT: collaborative problem solving in medical informatics;
- CLEF: tools for integrating patient information from text and images.

Digital Libraries
- GATE/ETCSL: automatic morphological analysis of literary Sumerian texts;
- EMILLE: building a 63M words corpus of South Asian languages;
- OldBaileyE: named entity recognition on 17th century Old Bailey court reports;
- PrestoSpace: automatic creation of meta-data for news broadcasts used for advanced indexing and conceptual search.

Semantic Web and Knowledge Technologies
- SEKT: Next Generation Knowledge Management;
- hTechSight: building a KM platform for the chemical industry;
- TAO: migrating legacy applications to open, semantics-based, service oriented architectures;
- NeON: shaping the future infrastructure for semantic applications;
- MediaCampaign: automating the detection and tracking of media campaigns on television, Internet and in the press.

Human Language Technology
- MUSE: Named entity recognition from diverse text types;
- SAFE: collaborative mixed initiative semantic annotation;
- LIRICS: definition of an ISO standard for language technology with a reference implementation.
Semantic Annotation

Automatic and semi-automatic production of semantic meta-data for text and multimedia. GATE identifies mentions of known concepts and instances from an ontology. This type of meta-data enables a search by meaning paradigm to enhance traditional retrieval methods. Searches like “find companies located in Western Europe involved in the high tech sector” become possible.

Science

GATE is a platform for experimental repeatability, quantitative evaluation, collaborative development and integration.

Education

GATE and the ANNIE IE system are used in classrooms across the world and in many postgraduate projects.

Business

GATE has been engineered to a high standard in order to be suitable for deployment in commercial applications software, and is based on components, mobile code and internet-based distribution. A serious effort has been made to achieve a very high level of quality; unit and regression tests are run nightly on three different platforms.

Our IE software is quality-controlled and Sheffield has applied IE in very many domains, and developed World-leading expertise in producing robust systems for diverse applications.


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