1. Overview

The software provides a REST service on GATE’s servers with a POST endpoint which accepts documents, classifies them according to the KNOWMAK WP2 ontology, and returns classification and keyword data in JSON.

For each POST, the request body is turned into a GATE document and run through a GATE application drawn from a multithreaded pool. When the application finishes, the service picks the classification and keyword data out of the document and returns them in the response body, using the JSON format described in §3.
2. Input

2.1. Endpoints

We expect the following POST endpoints to be used:

- http://services.gate.ac.uk/knowmak/classifier/project/<DOCID>
- http://services.gate.ac.uk/knowmak/classifier/project
- http://services.gate.ac.uk/knowmak/classifier/patent/<DOCID>
- http://services.gate.ac.uk/knowmak/classifier/patent
- http://services.gate.ac.uk/knowmak/classifier/publication/<DOCID>
- http://services.gate.ac.uk/knowmak/classifier/publication

but in fact, the service will accept a POST request to any URL in the following format

- http://services.gate.ac.uk/knowmak/classifier/<DOCTYPE>/<DOCID>

where <DOCTYPE> and <DOCID> are valid URL path elements. The DOCTYPE is passed as
a string to the GATE application, which will use it for conditional processing to handle
project, patent, and publication documents slightly differently (by increasing the scores
of keyword matches that are especially relevant to the document type). The system
is designed to accept any DOCTYPE string in order to allow for future expansion; an
unexpected type is flagged with a warning in the output (see §3).

2.2. Data formats

The service can accept any format that GATE can process by default\(^1\), in particular:

- plain text,
- HTML (including XHTML),
- XML and SGML,
- RTF, and
- some Microsoft Office and OpenOffice formats.

The service will work much more reliably if the client supplies a correct Content-Type
header (including the charset).

\(^1\)https://gate.ac.uk/sale/tao/splitch5.html#sec:corpora:formats
3. **JSON annotation output format**

3.1. Example

```
{
    "classification": {
        "http://www.gate.ac.uk/ns/ontologies/knowmak/antibiotics": {
            "boostedBy": "http://www.gate.ac.uk/ns/ontologies/knowmak/antimicrobials",
            "keywords": {
                "antibiotics": {
                    "kinds": ["generated", "preferred"],
                    "score": 1.1527377521613833
                },
                "bacteria": {
                    "kinds": ["generated"],
                    "score": 0.576388760806917
                };
            },
            "score": [4.322766570605188, 4.4159785333],
            "topicID": "38",
            "unboostedScore": [2.5936599423631126, 3.75354899915]
        },
        "http://www.gate.ac.uk/ns/ontologies/knowmak/antimicrobial_resistance": {
            "boostedBy": "http://www.gate.ac.uk/ns/ontologies/knowmak/antimicrobials",
            "keywords": {
                "antibiotics": {
                    "kinds": ["generated"],
                    "score": 8.069164265129682, 9.12545454545
                },
                "bacteria": {
                    "kinds": ["generated"],
                    "score": 6.34005763887607, 7.35454545454
                }
            },
            "score": [3.4582132564841506, 4.54545452388],
            "topicID": "43",
            "unboostedScore": [3.4582132564841506, 4.54545452388]
        },
        "http://www.gate.ac.uk/ns/ontologies/knowmak/antimicrobials": {
            "keywords": {
                "antibiotics": {
                    "kinds": ["generated"],
                    "score": 3.4582132564841506, 4.54545452388
                },
                "bacteria": {
                    "kinds": ["generated"],
                    "score": 3.4582132564841506, 4.54545452388
                }
            },
            "score": [3.4582132564841506, 4.54545452388],
            "topicID": "43",
            "unboostedScore": [3.4582132564841506, 4.54545452388]
        }
    },
    "doc_type": "publication",
    "doc_type_applied": "publication",
    "error": "none",
    "identifier": "12348874",
    "internalID": "4dec1ce0-cead-4a94-b16c-6fada1a26f49"
}
```
3.2. Explanation

The output is a JSON map with the following keys.

- **classification** The value is a map whose keys are ontology classes; each value is a map with the following keys.
  - **score** A list of two float values, showing the scores with boosting from superclasses for this class (without and with PMI boosting).
  - **unboostedScore** A list of two float values, showing the scores without boosting from superclasses for this class (without and with PMI boosting).
  - **boostedBy** This has a string value with the URI of the boosting superclass. If the value is the empty string, no direct superclass was found and the boosted scores are the same as the unboosted ones.
  - **keywords** The value is a map whose keys are keywords (including multi-word phrases); each value is a float showing that keyword's contribution to the class score (base score multiplied by number of occurrences, without PMI). Note that the same keyword may contribute to more than one class and can have different scores for different classes.

- **doc_type** The string value shows the DOCTYPE parameter passed in the endpoint URL (see §2.1).

- **doc_type_applied** The string value shows the DOCTYPE parameter if it was validated by the service or _none_ if it was invalid.

- **error** The string value shows an error encountered within the GATE application while processing the document, or _none_ for no error.

- **identifier** The string value shows the DOCID parameter if it was provided in the endpoint URL, or _none_.

- **internalID** The string value shows an internal identifier generated within the service and used for debugging (this ID appears in the server log files).

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2As mentioned above, current valid values are paper, project, and publication.
4. Code examples

4.1. Curl

Processing an individual file:

curl -X POST --data @my_file.txt -o output.json \
   --header "Content-Type: text/plain" \
http://services.gate.ac.uk/knowmak/classifier/project

Processing standard output from another command:

my_command | curl -X POST --data-raw - -o output.json \
   --header "Content-Type: text/plain" \
http://services.gate.ac.uk/knowmak/classifier/project

4.2. Python

We recommend the Python Requests library\(^3\), as shown in this example. Note that the method returns a Python dict (converted automatically from JSON by the library).

```python
import requests

base_url = "http://services.gate.ac.uk/knowmak/classifier"

def use_gate_service(text, doc_type, content_type='text/plain',
                     doc_id=None):
    if doc_id:
        url = '/'.join([base_url, doc_type, doc_id])
    else:
        url = '/'.join([base_url, doc_type])
    response = requests.post(url, data=text,
                              headers={'Content-Type': content_type})

    status = response.status_code
    if status != 200:
        raise ValueError("HTTP error " + status)

    return response.json()
```

4.3. Java

Various HTTP client libraries are available, including the Spring RestTemplate\(^4\).

\(^3\)http://docs.python-requests.org/
\(^4\)https://docs.spring.io/spring-boot/docs/current/reference/html/
   boot-features-restclient.html