

GATE and Social Media: Gathering Social Media Data

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Social media sites



Twitter, LinkedIn, Facebook

Twitter has varied uptake per country:

- Low in China (often censored, local competitor Weibo)
- Low in Denmark, Germany (Facebook is preferred)
- Medium in UK, though often complementary to Facebook
- High in USA

Networks have common themes:

- Individuals as nodes in a common graph
- Relations between people
- Sharing and privacy restrictions
- No curation of content
- Multimedia posting and re-posting

Other features: topics, closed groups, moderation, liking, media, groups, person discovery ...

Disclaimer: I Am Not A Legal Professional; caveat emptor!

1. Twitter



Opened in 2006 as a short message blogging service

- Allows 'subscription' to interesting accounts
- Anyone can post, most messages are public
- Messages are <140 characters
- Posts can come from PC, mobile, SMS, iPad etc

Specialised markup: #hashtags and @mentions

Has grown extremely popular

 100 million active users; over 230 million tweets a day http://www.guardian.co.uk/technology/pda/2011/sep/08/twitter-active-users

Example Uses



28 Ma

Public relations

<u>Barack Obama</u>

We just made history. All of this happened because you gave your time, talent and passion. All of this happened because of you. Thanks

Celebrity worship <u>Kidrauhl ♡</u>

"One day you will forget me. You have a husband and be a mother. But I will never forget you, My Beliebers." -Justin Bieber ♥

Broadcasting & Activism Ars Technica

SOPA opponents unveil "Digital Bill of Rights" <u>http://arstechnica.com/tech-</u> <u>policy/20...</u> by <u>@nathanmattise</u> Social uses

<u>「ジャム」 Jam Gregory</u>

@RyanBibby: lots of people have been talking about it - need to make sure I watch it! Love @ninaconti, got a signed DVD at <u>#EdFringe</u> :D

Conversations/Customer

Sunnort



Greater Anglia @greateranglia 28 Ma @adrianmelrose @stephenfry Hi, sorry that the wifi is not working, what service are you on please? GK Collapse Reply Retweet Favorite

8:55 AM - 28 May 12 via HootSuite · Details



8:59 AM - 28 May 12 via Tweetbot for iOS · Details

Twitter User Profiles



	Twitter API 📀	🈏 Follow
	@twitterapi	3,312 TWEETS
	The Real Twitter API. I tweet about API changes, service issues and happily answer questions about Twitter and our API. Don't get an	30 FOLLOWING
	answer? It's on my website. San Francisco, CA · http://dev.twitter.com	1,088,281 FOLLOWERS

- Picture
- Name
- Location
- Website
- Bio (160 characters)

What is Twitter? (2)



• Interest-graph social media

Following/follower relationship is typically not bi-directional

• 77.6% of user connections are not reciprocated (Kwak 2010)

A large graph in which mutual follower/following relationships comprise the edges

Twitterers can 'retweet' one another, so information propagates via the graph quickly

• RTs typically contain links to interesting content

Users can be organised in lists, which introduces groupings

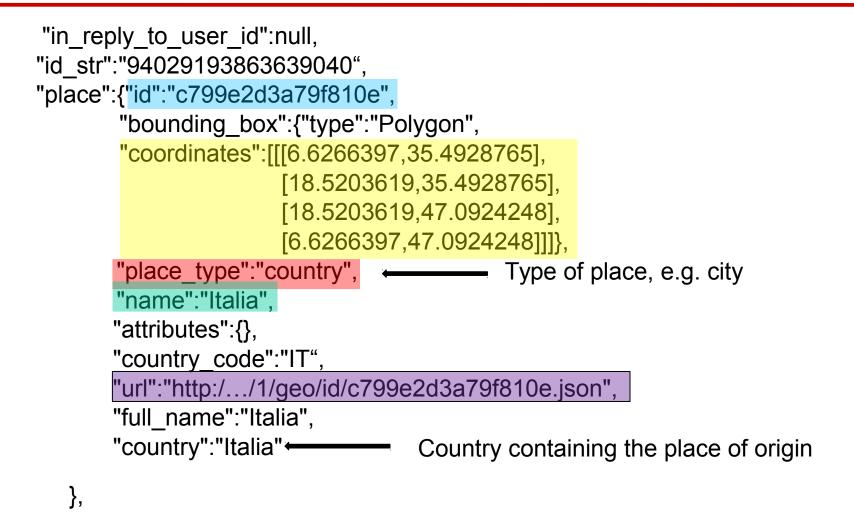
{

Example Tweet metadata in JSON



"contributors":null, "text":"Automotive RDFa (a horribly researched SEO article on RDFa/Microformats): http://ow.ly/5JSoS #somanyerrorsitsfunny", "geo":null, "retweeted":false, "in reply to screen name":null, "truncated":false, "entities":{"urls":[{"expanded_url":null,"indices": [74,92],"url":"http://ow.ly/5JSoS"}], "hashtags": [{"text":"somanyerrorsitsfunny","indices":[93,114]}], "user_mentions":[]}, "in_reply_to_status_id_str":null, "id":94029193863639040, "source":"HootSuite<\/a>", "in_reply_to_user_id_str":null, "favorited":false, "in_reply_to_status_id":null, "retweet_count":0, "created at":"Thu Jul 21 13:01:21 +0000 2011",

GATE



Example Tweet metadata in JSON (2)

More: https://courses.ischool.berkeley.edu/i202/f11/sites/default/files/map-of-a-tweet.pdf

Example Tweet metadata in JSON (3)



"user":{"location":"Blacksburg, VA",

```
...,
<mark>"statuses_count":2404</mark>,
<mark>"lang":"en",</mark>
"id":20446311,
```

Embedded user information can become out-of-sync, if the user changes it later

```
"description":"Text from the user profile (max 160 chars)", ...,
"name":"User Name", ...,
"created_at":"Mon Feb 09 16:33:16 +0000 2009",
"followers_count":1239,
"geo_enabled":false, ...,
"url":"The author's URL (optional)",
"utc_offset":-21600,
"time_zone":"Central Time (US & Canada)", ..,
"friends_count":160, ...,
"screen_name":"twitter-user-name", ...,
"listed_count":189, ...
```

More: https://courses.ischool.berkeley.edu/i202/f11/sites/default/files/map-of-a-tweet.pdf

How to get tweets?



The REST API allows access timelines, tweeting, following, etc.

- REST/JSON based
- Requires registration, and developer / app keys
- Contains access to what was previously the Search API
- Core entities: tweets, users, entities, places
- Heavily rate-limited

The Streaming API streams tweets in real time

- Various strengths available, from 1% to 100% sample (~\$1M p.a.)
- May be filtered by language, location, user view, hashtag, search term

See https://dev.twitter.com/docs

2. LinkedIn



Opened in 2003 as a professional networking portal

Focus is on a CV-like profile

Allows connection to your contacts

Allows subscription and posting to forum-like groups

Event-focused rather than message focused

Posts can come from PC, mobile, SMS, iPad etc

260 million registered users

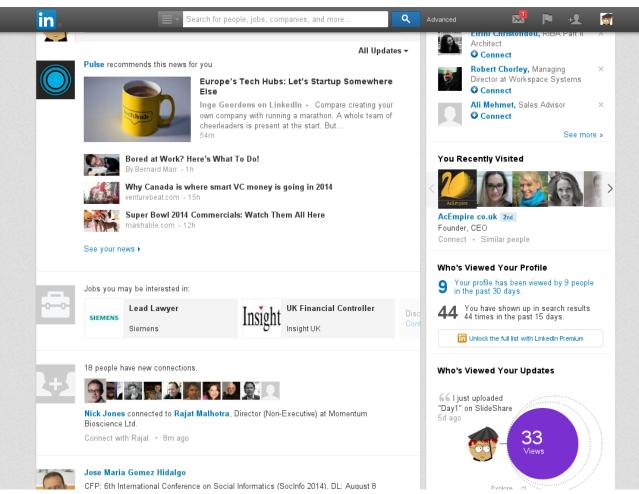
Linked in

2. LinkedIn



Feed-based output; information on new relations

Focus on building networks: contact suggestions, contact history, people interested in you



2. LinkedIn



Data is available via API

No storage of data permitted: "No LinkedIn data can be stored"

- Except member ID
- User data can be stored only given explicit permission from that user
- Rationale: "LinkedIn users own their data. They need to have control over it. They might want to change it, change the visibility rules, or even delete it."

Cross-referencing data is not permitted (via e.g. other networks)

- Creates problems for storing and communicating graph information
- Analysis must be live, but processing is not instantaneous so no snapshots

API access is query driven: entities, items in streams

- Entities: people, stream, groups, mail, companies, job positions
- API is rate limited at application, user and developer level
- Limits quite high: e.g. 100k user profile queries per application per day

3. Facebook



Opened in 2004 as a university student directory

- Communication is based on personal pages, to which messages are posted
- Allows connection to your contacts
- Allows subscription and posting to forum-like groups
- Message focused, with comments and voting systems (unidirectional)
- Posts can come from PC, mobile, SMS, iPad etc
- 1 200 million registered users
- Extensive privacy options for users

3. Facebook



News items, with comments and likes

Access network connections, events and private messaging



3. Facebook



Main APIs for facebook data access: Graph, Public Feed (also others for web hosting, ads)

REST and JSON-based

- GET graph.facebook.com /{node-id}
- GET graph.facebook.com /{node-id}/{edge-name}
- Also POST, DELETE

Example response; fields vary depending on entity type

```
{
  "id": "4",
  "link": "https://www.facebook.com/zuck",
  "gender": "male",
  "username": "zuck",
  "picture": {
    "data": {
        "url": "https://fbcdn-profile-a.akamaihd.net/hprofile-ak-prn2/202896_4_1782288297_q.jp
        "is_silhouette": false
    }
}
```

Many different entity types (messages, links, photos, events, posts, payments, videos..)

Optional FQL access – Facebook Query Language

One extra API: Keyword Insights

Access to demographic information given keywords, locations

Storing social media data



What would help us do our science?

- NLP and network analysis tools often data-driven, preferring "as much data as possible"
- Not only do the messages change over time meta-information also
- A minimum: something that helps others reproduce your work
- Abstract annotations over the raw data != the raw data

What native data can we safely store?

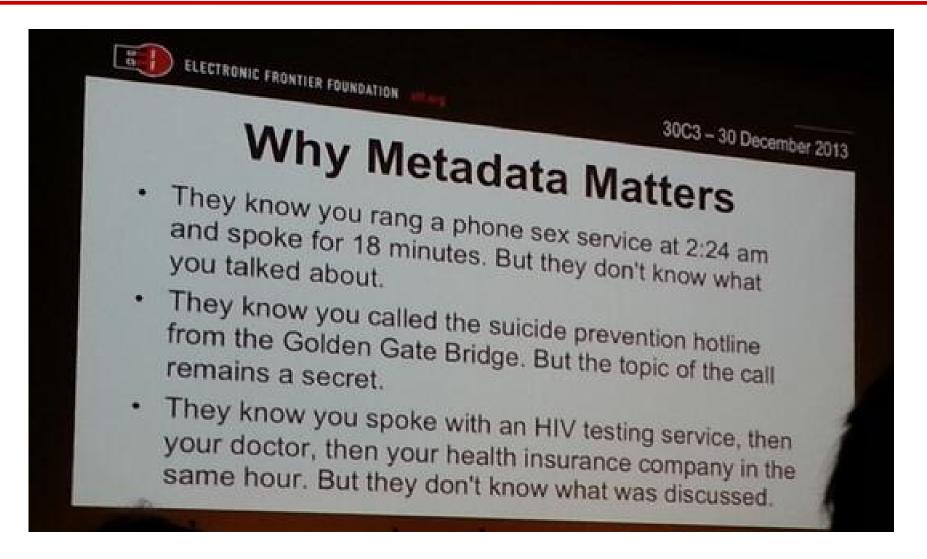
- LinkedIn: Object IDs only
- Twitter: IDs and the freshest seen API call result
- Facebook: Anything that the user has given us access to

Ethical considerations

- We all have something to hide (e.g. from identity thieves)
- Important that personal data cannot proliferate once its owner removes / changes it
- How long to retain for? NSA's minimum 15-year seems excessive
- Metadata just as powerful as text data
- Text data weaker without metadata

Storing social media data





(from Kurt Opshal's slides at the Chaos Communication Congress, photo by Marion Marschalek)

Social media corpora



Distribution concerns

- Social media corpora are difficult to distribute
- E.g. Twitter does not allow you to give other researchers / companies / anyone tweets you have collected and annotated in bulk
- Instead, distribute the tweet IDs and stand-off markup for the linguistic gold data
- The recipient re-collects all tweets himself, based on the IDs
- Necessary so user-deleted tweets are not propagated privacy
- LinkedIn has even more stringent data sharing policy
- Facebook more relaxed, but data recipient must also have express permission from user

Social media corpora



Corpus completeness

- However, in some cases (e.g. misinformation, smear tweets) messages can be deleted
- Makes re-creating the corpus is problematic
- Two classes of deletion:
 - Rapid deletions, usually within first few minutes (e.g. of spam, for editing the text)
 - Slower deletions (Petrovic et al. 2013)

Increased topic and entity drift: broader range of entities (Eisenstein 2013)

Corpora age rapidly, and become less useful for some purposes (e.g. NEL)

Hands-on: Loading twitter data



- Open corpora/plain-tweets.json with a text viewer (such as notepad)
- Let's take a more useful view: find an online JSON viewer, and paste one line in. (e.g. "http://jsonviewer.stack.hu")
- Note the hierarchical structure of the data, and embedded user profile
- Now, let's load some data into GATE. First, load the Twitter plugin
- Create a new GATE corpus called "Raw tweets" and save to DS
- Right-click on the corpus and choose "Populate from Twitter JSON files"
- See that you can choose which fields to import or ignore
- Select the JSON file used earlier, and make sure the "One document per tweet" box is checker, near the top
- Import with default fields for now
- Examine the different annotations in the document: text, username, date